Guidance on Carging of Pesonal Protective Equipment to Sponsored Grects

Personal Protective Equipment is gigned to protect employees from serious workplace injuries or illnesses resulting from tact with chemical, radiological, physical, electrical, mechanical, or other workplace hazards following rovides guidance regarding charging of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to sponsored projects:

- Standard PPIIf PPE was required to behaved for a sponsored project as a part of standard best lab practice PRIOR to COMPDit can continue to be direct charged to a grant during or after COVII 19.
- Additional (beyond Standard) PPE may be charged to grants if needed providing being costs ar uniformly charged to the benefiting activities (e.g., all sponsored projectsportsballdnon activities with similar needs are required to cover the cost of such items). PPE needed to create sufficiently safe environment for the returns finite research can be charged (unless the University provides the PPE from proms ored sources): example, if an experiment requires two individuals owork a labany PPE needed to conduct that experiment would be an appropriate charge to sponsored project during the re-opening phase even if no PPE for that experiment would necessary prior to CONID
- Donated PPENIH has indicated that if projecthased PPE (or other lab supplies) were donated during the pandemic foricalinor first responder use, then the grant may re-purchase PPE and char those costs to the grant. Administrative supplements may be available if rebudgeting is inadequately replace the donated PPE. Most other agencies requipe agency oval tonate PPE; thus, any PPE donated should either be replaced (using misored fund sources) or the PI should request agency prior/retroactive approval. If approval is received, the grant can charge the replacement on the grant.
- Standard allocation expectations apply for PPE wholly or partially charged to sponsored fund sorted in the sponsored project of the sponsored project institutional fund sources, the costs must be to the lateral proportional benefit. Useuthele Project Allocation Fotondocument justification.
- PPE acquirements for the personal preference of the individuals involved should not be purchased of sponsored funds.
- Per NIH Notice NOT-QD164(published on September 11, 2020), fool@yarging Personal Protective Equipment to NIH Grants and Cooperative Agreements as Direct Costs, PPE purchase grant funds must directly assist in safely carrying out the clinical activities and direct interaction the patients participalining trials and clinical research studies. Therefore, the costs are allowable for researchers and patients directly linked to the clinical studies (CT and respecti(cT

research. Please review the noti

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